

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS, MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS



MODEL 23P

MANUALLY OPERATED VALVE WITH THERMOELECTRIC FLAME SUPERVISION AND ADJUSTABLE MECHANICAL THERMOSTAT

| | CE | |
|--------|--|--|
| EN 1 | EN 126:2012 EN 13611:2007 + A2:2011 | |
| models | 23P (51BR3390) | |

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

| Feature | Description |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Туре | adjustable mechanical thermostat |
| Applications | ovens |
| types of gas used | $1^{st} - 2^{nd} - 3^{rd}$ family |
| group | 1 |
| thermoelectric flame supervisor class | B (10,000 cicles) |
| number of outlets | 2 |
| nominal diameter | 8 |
| maximum working pressure | 6.5 kPa |
| minimum working temperature (body) | 0°C |
| maximum working temperature (body) | 80/130°C |
| nominal flow rate | 0.33 m ³ /h (test gas: air - pressure drop 125 Pa) |
| (except inlet variants 15-15N-16-16N) | 0.297 m ³ /h (test gas: air - pressure drop 100 Pa - EN 126-2012) |
| reduced flow rate | 0.071 m ³ /h (test gas: air - pressure drop 125 Pa) |
| (except inlet variants 15-15N-16-16N) | 0.063 m ³ /h (test gas: air - pressure drop 100 Pa - EN 126-2012) |
| nominal flow rate | 0.33 m ³ /h (test gas: air - pressure drop 125 Pa) |
| (inlet variants 15-15N-16-16N) | 0.297 m ³ /h (test gas: air - pressure drop 100 Pa - EN 126-2012) |
| reduced flow rate | 0.057 m ³ /h (test gas: air - pressure drop 125 Pa) |
| (inlet variants 15-15N-16-16N) | 0.051 m ³ /h (test gas: air - pressure drop 100 Pa - EN 126-2012) |
| opening angle of max. flow rate | 231° |
| opening angle of min. flow rate | 52° |
| external leak tightness | leakage ≤ 60 cc/h (1 ml/min) (air - pressure 15 kPa) |
| internal leak tightness | leakage ≤ 20 cc/h (0.3 ml/min) (air - pressure 15 kPa) |
| and value continued energian | 10,000 cycles (EN 126:2012 - EN 13611:2007 + A2:2011) |
| gas valve continued operation | 10,000 cycles |
| Flame supervisor device continued | 10,000 cycles (EN 126:2012 - EN 13611:2007 + A2:2011) |
| operation | 2,000 cycles |
| inlet gas connection | bracket, flange (see attached sheets) |
| outlet gas connection | see attached sheets |
| storage temperature range | -15°C to + 50°C |
| hold-on current/drop-out current | ≤ 180 mA / ≥ 60 mA (version 1) |
| (safety device) | ≤ 110 mA / ≥ 20 mA (version 2) |
| | <u>< 60 mA / > 10 mA (version 3)</u> |
| Themocouples maximum closing | 90 sec |
| time | |
| sensor's maximum temperature (bulb) | 315 °C |
| temperature adjustment range | 128 – 300°C |
| temperature tolerance | <u>+</u> 8.5°C |
| assembly position | Any position |
| Range of modulation | 30°C |
| operating torque | ≤ 30 N |
| mechanical differential | 8°A |
| Temperature variation (130°C) | 17°C |
| Temperature tolerance | ± 10°C |
| Drift for thermal overload | ±5°C |

These valves can be used with pipes of various diameters and flat manifolds. To ensure a perfect seal, place an elastomer gasket between the manifold and the valve. <u>Gaskets of different materials can be used for the manifold depending on the temperature reached: silicon</u> <u>elastomer gaskets are resistant up to 130°C (all colors except black) while nitrile elastomer gaskets are</u> <u>resistant up to 80°C (black gasket).</u>

Model 23P



INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

At 0°A the control shaft can be pressed completely to open the safety valve and allow the gas flow through the pilot outlet.

In all the other allowed rotations isn't possible to open the safety valve and consequently hold-on the magnet.

In this position (0°A) the thermostat (main burner outlet) is closed.

If the flame at the pilot outlet should accidentally go out, the thermocouple cools and the current is reduced, the safety magnet is closed and the flow of gas to the pilot outlet is blocked after few seconds.

Holding down and turning the control shaft anti-clockwise (starting from 0°A) allows the gas to pass to the main burner. Once the thermostat has been turned trough 52°A, gas begins to flow giving the minimum adjustable temperature. The thermostat can be turned trough 231°A giving a continuous increase in temperature.

Temperature may be adjusted from 128°C to 300°C

Turning the control shaft clockwise (from 0°A to 62°A) the thermostat (mai burner outlet) is always closed, is activated the microswitch that cuts off the circuit that feeds the thermocouple, so the safety valve closes the gas flow also through the pilot outlet.

The thermostat can be equipped with one more other microswitches, which are firmly fastened by means of a metal staff. The microswitches are activated by simply pushing the spindle inward (microswitch used to activate the electric ignition) or by rotation of the spindle (microswitches used to perform other functions) – see table 1

| TABLE 1 - MICROSWITCH CHARACTERISTICS | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Nominal tension | 250 V | | |
| Method for operation | push-button | | |
| Max. operating temperature | 125 °C | | |
| Contact distance | small – standard | | |
| Protection level | IP00 | | |
| Insulation class | I | | |
| Pollution situation | standard | | |
| Heat-resistance | category D | | |
| Tracking index | PTI250 | | |

ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

The thermostats are designed to be used inside the cooking appliances, protected from any possible infiltrations of liquid or dirt and from the atmospheric agents. The non-observance of this prescription can compromise the correct working and the safety of the product.

The thermostats are designed to be used with manifolds of different diameters using flange or bracket fastenings.

To ensure a perfect seal, place an elastomer gasket between the manifold and the valve.

The outlet is designed for a connection pipe to the burner.

Calibration is determined in the factory and should not be altered even by qualified personnel. In case of irregularity, the whole thermostat should be replaced.

To avoid damage that may compromise correct functioning of the thermostats, do not exceed the tightening torques listed in the attached tables.

To avoid dirt or other material entering the equipment which may affect functioning and safety of the thermostat, a suitable filter should be mounted on the manifold supply inlet.

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MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

Maintenance of the taps is not foreseen, in case of failure or incorrect operation replace the tap with a new one (same model and same characteristics).

NB.: Leak test should be performed using a suitable appliance. Leak test mustn't be done by means of a flame or immersion of the valve in water or other liquids. The non-observance of this prescription can compromise the correct working and the safety of the product.

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| | | |



VARIANTS

INLET VARIANTS

| inlet | denomination | assembly |
|-------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Single bracket – 1 screw | Tube diameter 14 mm |
| 2 | Single bracket – 1 screw | Tube diameter 16 mm |
| 5 | Single bracket – 1 screw | Tube diameter 18 mm |
| 8 | Bracket – 2 screws | Tube diameter 18 mm |
| 9 | Bracket – 2 screws | Tube diameter ½ " mm |
| 13 | Bracket – 2 screws | Tube diameter 16 mm |
| 15 | Bracket – 2 screws | Tube diameter 8 mm |
| 16 | Bracket – 2 screws | Tube diameter 10 mm |
| 17 | Bracket – 2 screws | Tube diameter 14 mm |
| 19 | Bracket – 2 screws | Tube diameter 19 mm |
| 20 | Bracket – 2 screws | Tube diameter 17 mm |

OVEN OUTLET VARIANTS

| outlet | denomination | assembly |
|--------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Α | tube diameter 6 mm | compression fitting |
| В | tube diameter 8 mm | compression fitting |
| С | tube diameter 10 mm | compression fitting |
| D | tube diameter 6 mm | compression fitting |
| E | tube diameter 8 mm | compression fitting |
| F | G 3/8" | flared tube |
| G | G 1/4" | flared tube |
| Н | M 14 x 1.5 | flared tube |
| L | tube diameter 9.525 mm | compression fitting |
| М | tube diameter 7 mm | compression fitting |
| Ν | tube diameter 8 mm | compression fitting |
| 0 | tube diameter 6.35 mm | compression fitting |
| S | tube diameter 6.35 mm | compression fitting |
| Т | tube diameter 10 mm | compression fitting |
| Х | tube diameter 7 mm | compression fitting |
| Z | tube diameter 4 mm | compression fitting |

PILOT OUTLET VARIANTS

| outlet | denomination | assembly |
|--------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| А | tube diameter 3.175 mm (1/8") | compression fitting |
| В | tube diameter 4 mm | compression fitting |
| С | tube diameter 4.76 mm (3/16") | compression fitting |
| D | tube diameter 6 mm | compression fitting |
| E | tube diameter 6.35 mm (1/4") | compression fitting |
| F | tube diameter 3.5 mm | compression fitting |
| 0 | tube diameter 3.175 mm (1/8") | compression fitting |
| R | tube diameter 4 mm | compression fitting |
| S | tube diameter 4.76 mm (3/16") | compression fitting |
| Х | tube diameter 3.5 mm | compression fitting |

| Model 23 | 3P |
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Maximum torque values:

| Maximum torque value | | | |
|---|-----|--------|--|
| Component | Nm | lbf.in | |
| Nut + olive + aluminium tube for oven outlet of thermostats | 15 | 133 | |
| Nut + olive + copper tube for oven outlet of thermostats | 15 | 133 | |
| Nut + olive + steel tube for oven outlet of thermostats | 10 | 89 | |
| Nut + tapered aluminium tube (bundy) for oven outlet of thermostats | 15 | 133 | |
| Nut + boulged aluminium tube for oven outlet of thermostats | | 133 | |
| Nut for fixing thermocouple to magnet | | 35 | |
| Screws for brackets | 1.5 | 13 | |

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MANUFACTURING DATE CODES

| MONTH | CODE |
|-----------|------|
| JANUARY | Ν |
| FEBRUARY | 0 |
| MARCH | Р |
| APRIL | R |
| MAY | S |
| JUNE | Т |
| JULY | U |
| AUGUST | V |
| SEPTEMBER | W |
| OCTOBER | Х |
| NOVEMBER | Y |
| DECEMBER | Z |

| YEAR | CODE |
|------|------|
| 1992 | A |
| 1993 | В |
| 1994 | С |
| 1995 | D |
| 1996 | E |
| 1997 | F |
| 1998 | Н |
| 1999 | I |
| 2000 | J |
| 2001 | K |
| 2002 | L |
| 2003 | М |
| 2004 | 4 |
| 2005 | 5 |
| 2006 | 6 |
| 2007 | 7 |
| 2008 | 8 |
| 2009 | 9 |
| 2010 | 0 |
| 2011 | 1 |
| 2012 | 2 |
| 2013 | 3 |
| 2014 | 4 |
| 2015 | 5 |
| 2016 | 6 |

EXAMPLE: A COMPONENT PRODUCED IN APRIL 2004 IS MARKED

R4

Alternatively, on the component can be marked a four digit code indicating the week (first two digits) and the year of production (last two digits).

EXAMPLE: A COMPONENT PRODUCED THE 14TH WEEK OF 2004 IS MARKED

1404

Alternatively, on the component can be marked the day (first digits), the month (according with the code in table above) and the year of production (last two digits).

EXAMPLE: A COMPONENT PRODUCED IN APRIL, 19 2004 IS MARKED

19 R 04